

AI in the Sciences and Engineering 2026: Lecture 1

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Seminar for Applied Mathematics (SAM), D-MATH (and),
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Practical Information

- ▶ Lectures in HG G5: Thursday 10.15am – 12 pm.
- ▶ Live Broadcast on Zoom + Recordings.
- ▶ Recordings will be available on Course Moodle page.
- ▶ Organizers:
 - ▶ Bogdan Raonic
 - ▶ Shizheng Wen
- ▶ No Exams !!
- ▶ Performance Assessment: Project Work¹
- ▶ Tentative date of release of Projects: 20.12.25
- ▶ Tentative date of Project Submission: 31.1.25
- ▶ Course Material:
 - ▶ Lecture Recordings + Slides
 - ▶ All Material is based on research < 5 years.

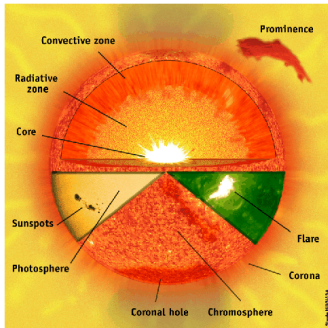
¹NO questions about projects during lectures and tutorials !!!

Course Contents

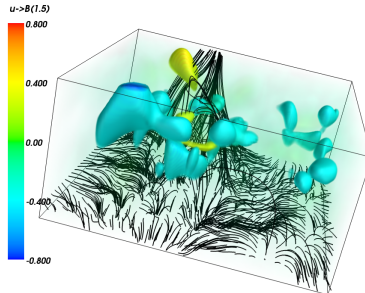
- ▶ Present latest applications of AI in Science and Engineering.
- ▶ Split into 2 parts.
- ▶ Part I: AI in Physics and Engineering.
- ▶ Taught by [SM](#)
- ▶ Bulk of the course.
- ▶ Part II: AI in Chemistry and Biology.
- ▶ Taught by [David Graber](#)
- ▶ Tutorials supplement course content with Programming demos.

What happens in Science and Engineering ?

Physics: What heats the Solar Corona to 10^6 degrees ?



Sun

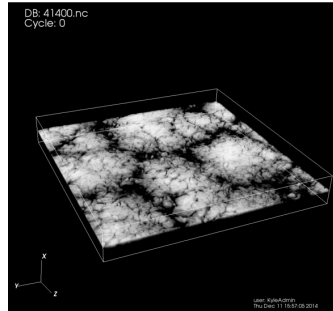


Solar Waves

Climate Science: How do Stratocumulus Clouds affect Climate Change?

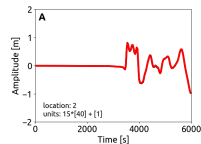
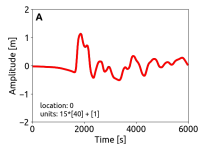


Measurement

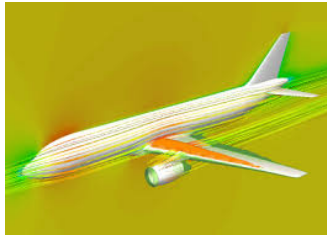


Simulation

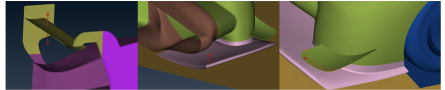
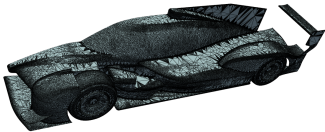
Geophysics: Tsunami Early Warning System



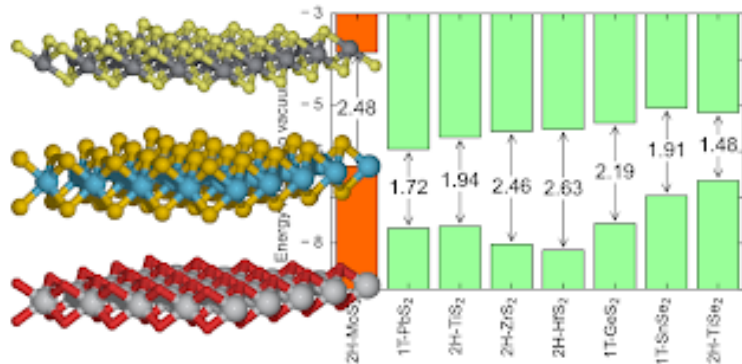
Engineering: How to design a more Fuel efficient Aircraft ?



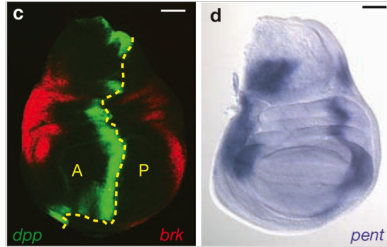
Engineering: or a faster Race Car ?



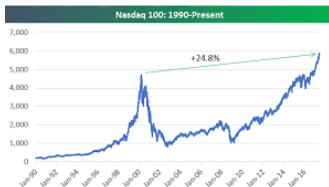
Chemistry: What is the electronic structure of a novel nanomaterial ?



Biology: Why is a fly wing pattern robust to growth ?



Finance: What is the right price for a stock option ?



Black-Scholes Option Price Calculator (Beta Version):

ENTER INPUT

Stock Price	3441.32
Strike Price	2450
Volatility*	15.51
Interest Rate*	0.05
Time To Exp*	0.1315

Calculate Option Prices

*e.g. Enter 0.25 for 25%, or 0.5 for half a year.

RESULTS

Call Price	2429.32!	Put	2421.94!
Call Delta	0.998	Put Delta	-0.002
Call Gamma	0.000	Put Gamma	0.000
Call Vega	6.762	Put Vega	6.762
Call Theta	-399.05	Put Theta	-277.35
Call Rho	0.789	Put Rho	-319.27

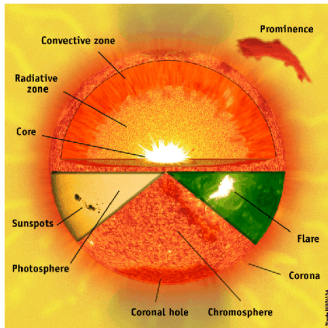
How are these problems solved currently ?

Step 1: Mathematical Modeling

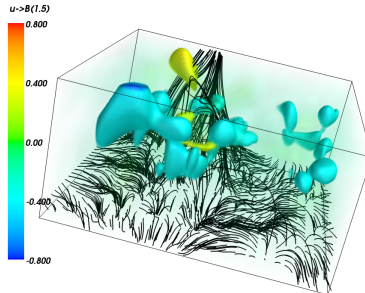
The general paradigm is : given a blueprint, to find the corresponding recipe. Much of the activity of science is an application of that paradigm : given the description of some natural phenomena, to find the differential equations for processes that will produce the phenomena.

- ▶ A prize quote from [Herbert Simon](#) (Nobel prize in Economics, 1978)
- ▶ Given a scientific problem, find a Partial Differential Equation (PDE) describing it

Physics: What heats the Solar Corona to 10^6 degrees ?



Sun



Solar Waves

- Conservation of mass, momentum, energy and Magnetic field.

$$\rho_t + \operatorname{div}(\rho \mathbf{u}) = 0,$$

$$(\rho \mathbf{u})_t + \operatorname{div}(\rho \mathbf{u} \otimes \mathbf{u} + (p + \frac{1}{2}|\mathbf{B}|^2)\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{B} \otimes \mathbf{B}) = \mathcal{D}_u + \mathcal{F},$$

$$E_t + \operatorname{div}((E + p + \frac{1}{2}|\mathbf{B}|^2)\mathbf{u} - (\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{B})\mathbf{B}) = \mathcal{D}_E,$$

$$\mathbf{B}_t + \operatorname{div}(\mathbf{u} \otimes \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{B} \otimes \mathbf{u}) = \mathcal{D}_B,$$

$$\operatorname{div}(\mathbf{B}) = 0.$$

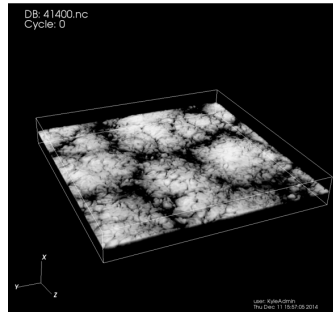
- Together with equation of state

$$E = \frac{p}{\gamma - 1} + \frac{1}{2}\rho|\mathbf{u}|^2 + \frac{1}{2}|\mathbf{B}|^2,$$

Climate Science: How do Stratocumulus Clouds affect Climate Change?



Measurement



Simulation

Equations of motion.

- **Anelastic Euler** equations for momentum + **Scalar transport**:

$$(\bar{\rho}u)_t + \operatorname{div}(\bar{\rho}u \otimes u) + \nabla p = S_b + S_{ev} + S_T^u$$

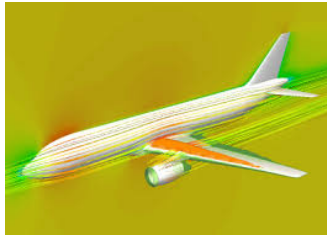
$$\operatorname{div}(\bar{\rho}u) = 0,$$

$$(\bar{\rho}s)_t + \operatorname{div}(\bar{\rho}us) = S_T^s + S_{ed}^s$$

$$(\bar{\rho}q)_t + \operatorname{div}(\bar{\rho}uq) = S_T^q + S_{ed}^q$$

- **Specified** density $\bar{\rho}$, velocity u , specific entropy s and water specific humidity q .
- **Bouyancy** S_b .
- Complicated coupled **Thermodynamic** source terms $S_T^{u,s,q}$
- Add variables such as **Precipitation**, **Snow** etc.

Engineering: How to design a more Fuel efficient Aircraft ?



Governing Equations

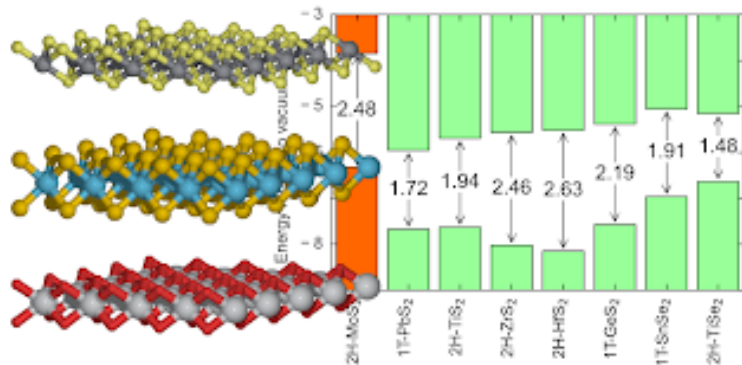
► Compressible Euler equations:

$$\begin{aligned}\rho_t + \operatorname{div}(\rho \mathbf{u}) &= 0, \\ (\rho \mathbf{u})_t + \operatorname{div}(\rho \mathbf{u} \otimes \mathbf{u} + p \mathbf{I}) &= 0, \\ E_t + \operatorname{div}((E + p)\mathbf{u}) &= 0.\end{aligned}$$

► With Equation of state:

$$p = \gamma - 1 \left(E - \frac{1}{2} \rho |\mathbf{u}|^2 \right)$$

Chemistry: What is the structure of a novel nanomaterial ?



PDEs for Electronic Structure

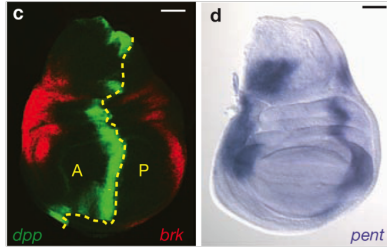
- ▶ Some version of **Schrödinger's Equation**
- ▶ Time-dependent version for **Wave function** $\Psi \in H$:

$$i\hbar \frac{d\Psi}{dt} = H\Psi(t)$$

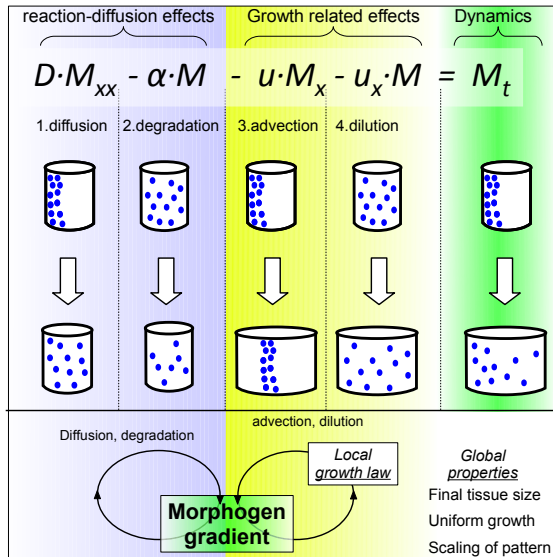
- ▶ with **Many-body Quantum Hamiltonian**:

$$H := \left(- \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\hbar^2}{2m_i} \Delta_{r_i} + \sum_{i=1}^N V_{\text{ext}}(r_i) + \sum_{1 \leq i, j \leq N} W_{ij}(r_i, r_j) \right)$$

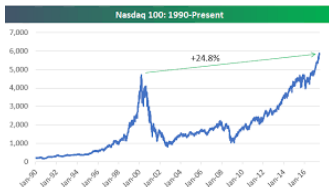
Biology: Why is a fly wing pattern robust to growth ?



PDEs for Morphogenesis: Reaction-Diffusion Equations



Finance: What is the right price for a stock option ?



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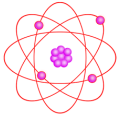
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Option pricing PDEs

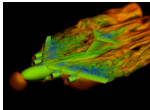
- ▶ Variants of Black-Scholes PDEs
- ▶ Example: Black-Scholes with Uncorrelated noise:

$$u_t = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^d (\sigma_i x_i)^2 u_{x_i x_i} + \sum_{i=1}^d \mu x_i u_{x_i}$$

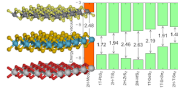
Partial Differential Equations (PDEs): Language of Nature



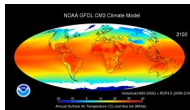
Schrödinger



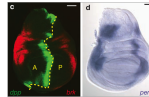
Euler



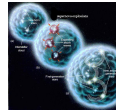
Kohn-Sham



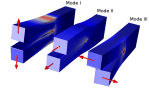
Navier-Stokes ++



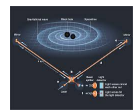
Reaction-Diffusion



MHD++



Phase-Field



Einstein

- ▶ Immense diversity of Physical processes
- ▶ Very wide range of spatio-temporal scales

What are PDEs ?

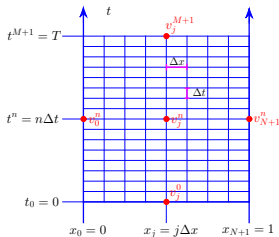
- ▶ Generic form of PDEs:

$$\mathcal{F}(x, t, u, \nabla u, u_t, u_{tt}, \nabla^2 u, \dots, \dots) = 0.$$

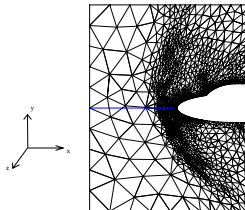
- ▶ Here $u : D \times (0, T) \mapsto \mathbb{R}^m$ for $D \subset \mathbb{R}^d$

Numerical Methods

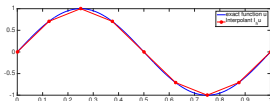
- Not possible to find solution formulas for PDEs.



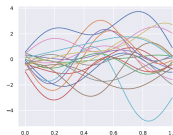
Finite Difference



Finite Volume

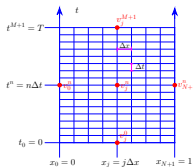


Finite Element



Spectral Method

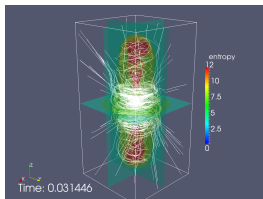
Finite Difference Schemes (FDS) for the Heat Equation



- ▶ Heat equation is $u_t = u_{xx}$, Initial conditions: $u(x, 0) = \bar{u}(x)$,
Boundary conditions: $u(0, t) = u(1, t) = 0$.
- ▶ $u_t(x_j, t^n) \approx \frac{v_j^{n+1} - v_j^n}{\Delta t}$, $u_{xx} \approx \frac{v_{j+1}^n - 2v_j^n + v_{j-1}^n}{\Delta x^2}$
- ▶ Finite Difference Scheme:

$$v_j^{n+1} = (1 - 2\lambda)v_j^n + \lambda(v_{j-1}^n + v_{j+1}^n), \quad \lambda = \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta x^2}$$

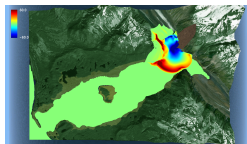
Numerical Methods are very Successful



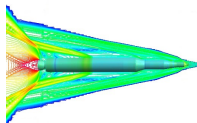
Supernovas



Clouds



Tsunamis



Rockets

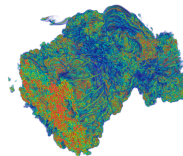
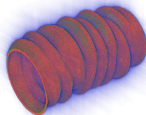
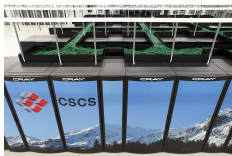
Wheres the Caveat ?

- ▶ For stability (CFL): $\Delta t \sim \Delta x^2$.
- ▶ Error: $E = E_{\Delta x} \sim \Delta x^2$
- ▶ # (meshpoints) $\sim \Delta x^{-d}$, # (timesteps) $\sim \Delta t^{-1} \approx \Delta x^{-2}$,
- ▶ Compute: $\mathcal{C} \sim \frac{1}{\Delta x^{d+2}}$
- ▶ Computational Complexity: $\mathcal{C} \sim \left(\frac{1}{E}\right)^{\frac{d+2}{2}}$
- ▶ Compute grows exponentially with dimension

PDEs in high dimensions: $d \geq 4$

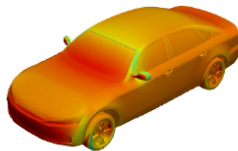
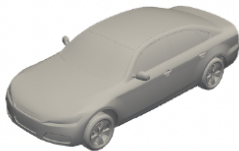
- ▶ Boltzmann Equation ($d = 7$)
- ▶ Radiative Transfer Equation ($d \geq 5$)
- ▶ Computational Finance: Black-Scholes ($d \gg 1$)
- ▶ Computational Chemistry: Schrödinger ($d \gg 1$).

Issues with Numerical Methods even in low Dimensions



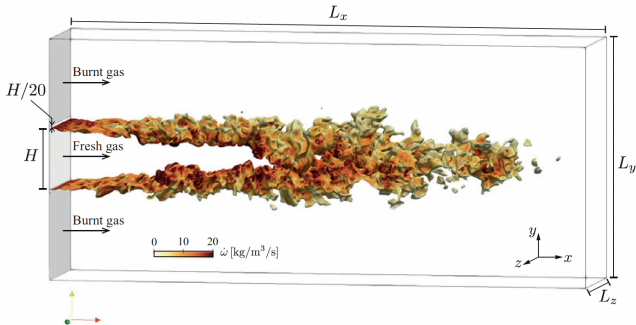
- ▶ **Computational Cost** !!: PDE solvers can be very expensive.
- ▶ **Simulation** of Navier-Stokes at 1024^3 :
 - ▶ With **Azeban** on Piz Daint.
 - ▶ Single Run: 94 GPU hours.
 - ▶ Single Run: 4512 CPU hours
- ▶ Significant **HR Cost** !!

Flow past a Passenger Car at High Resolution



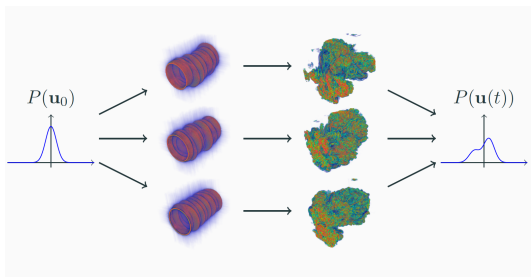
- ▶ WR-LES simulation of Neil Ashton (NVIDIA)
- ▶ Single simulation is 61K Node hours.

Hydrogen Combustion in a Slot Burner



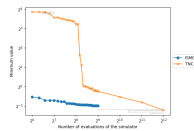
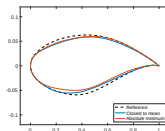
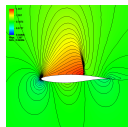
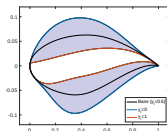
- ▶ DNS simulation of Nicolas Noiray (D-MAVT, ETH)
- ▶ Single simulation is 320K Node hours.

Many-Query Problems I: UQ



- ▶ UQ often based on Monte Carlo Random sampling.
- ▶ Requires multiple calls to PDE solvers.
 - ▶ With Azeban on Piz Daint.
 - ▶ Single Sample: 94 GPU hours.
 - ▶ Ensemble simulation: 96256 node hours

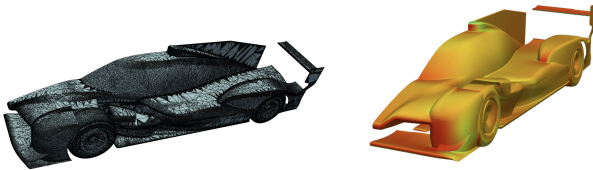
Many-Query Problems II: PDE Constrained Optimization



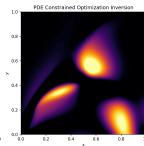
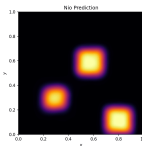
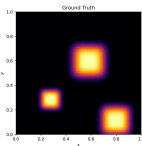
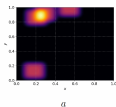
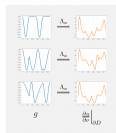
- ▶ Airfoil **Shape Optimization**.
- ▶ Parametrized Airfoils with **Hicks-Henne** shape functions.
- ▶ Optimization with Gradient descent.
- ▶ At each step: Forward solution of **Compressible Euler Eqns.**
- ▶ Adjoint solve to compute gradients.
- ▶ Forward solve with NUWTUN: 10^2 secs.
- ▶ Adjoint solve: 10^2 secs.
- ▶ Total computational time: 228 hrs !!!

An Industrial Example ?

- ▶ Flow past Race car simulation requires 1000 node hours per shape !!

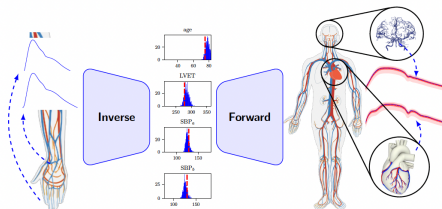


Many-Query Problems III: PDE Inverse Problems



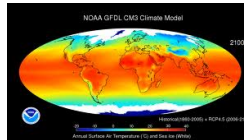
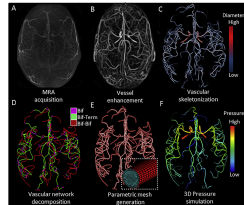
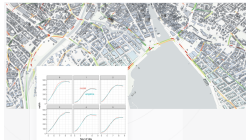
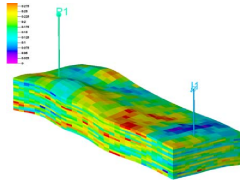
- ▶ Inclusion detection by Wave Scattering
- ▶ Wave motion modeled by Helmholtz Eqns.
- ▶ Inverse map: Dirichlet-to-Neumann operator $\mapsto$ Coefficient
- ▶ Solve using gradient descent.
- ▶ Total run time for $\mathcal{O}(10^3)$ evals: 8.5 hrs.
- ▶ Total Error: 11.2%

Many-Query Problems IV: Bayesian Inversion



- ▶ Parameter inference for Human Cardiovascular System
- ▶ Uses **MCMC** for Bayesian Inversion.
- ▶ Each forward solve for **Conservation Laws** is 2 min.
- ▶ Needs $\mathcal{O}(10^4)$ forward solves.
- ▶ Total runtime: 330 hrs.

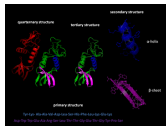
Unknown or Incomplete Physics



- ▶ **Missing Physics** not just undetermined parameters.
- ▶ Manifestation of **Sim2Real** gap.
- ▶ Holds True for most real-world applications.
- ▶ Still have **Data for underlying operators**

Key Aim of this Course: Learn Physics modeled by PDEs from data

The age of AI



- ▶ 3 Pillars of Success !!
- ▶ Exponentially more **Compute** aka GPUs :-)
- ▶ **Huge Data**
- ▶ **Deep Neural Networks**

